



# BIG DATA ANALYTICS

*A Social Network Approach*



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## Research Field :

Social Network, Complex Network / Network Science, Social Computing, Data Analytics, Data Mining, Big Data, Graph Theory, Content Business, Data Business, ICT Business



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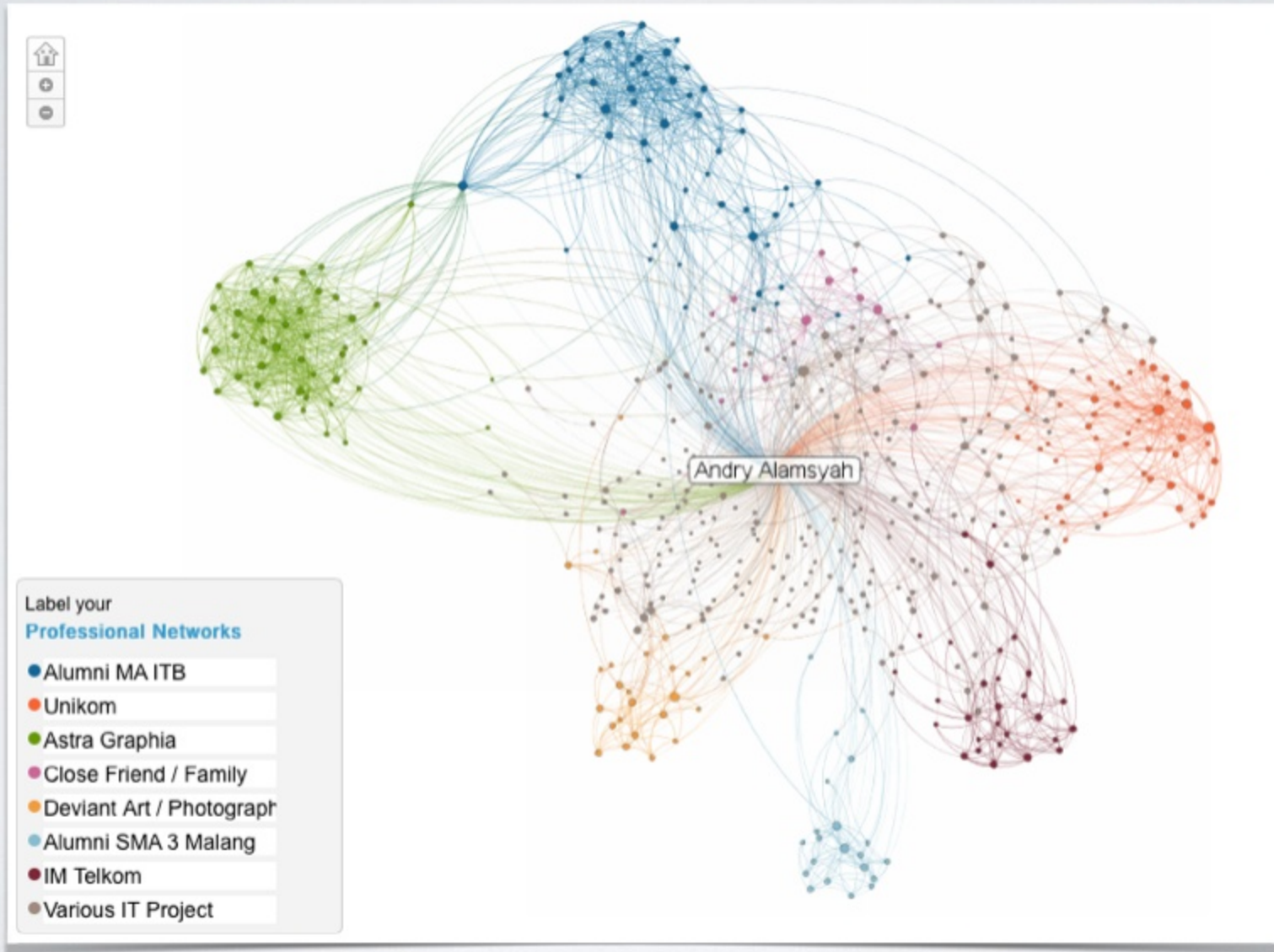
[telkomuniversity.academia.edu/andryalamsyah](http://telkomuniversity.academia.edu/andryalamsyah)

[researchgate.net/profile/Andry\\_Alamsyah](https://researchgate.net/profile/Andry_Alamsyah)

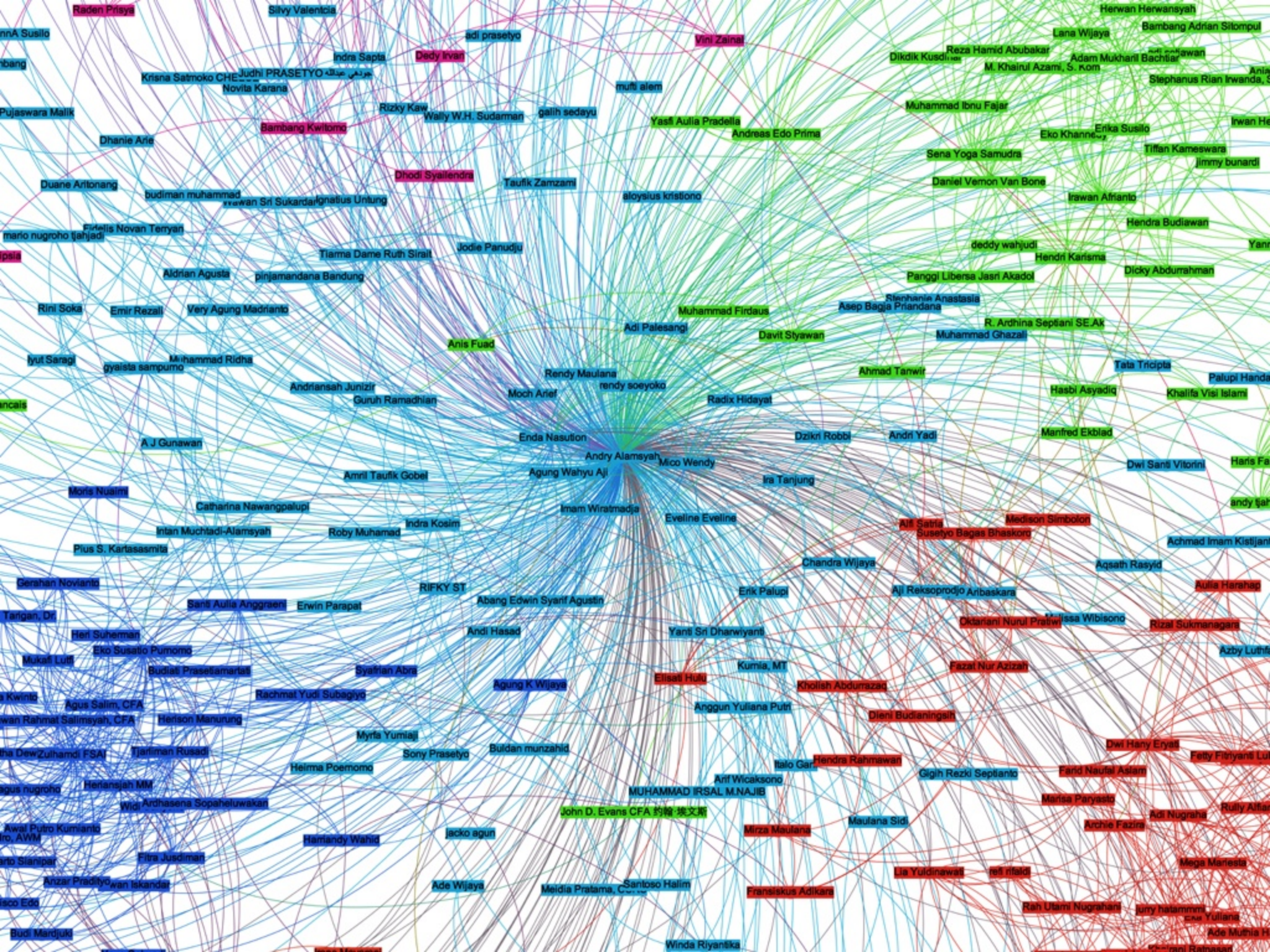
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# WHO AM I ?









# LARGE SCALE DATA



facebook

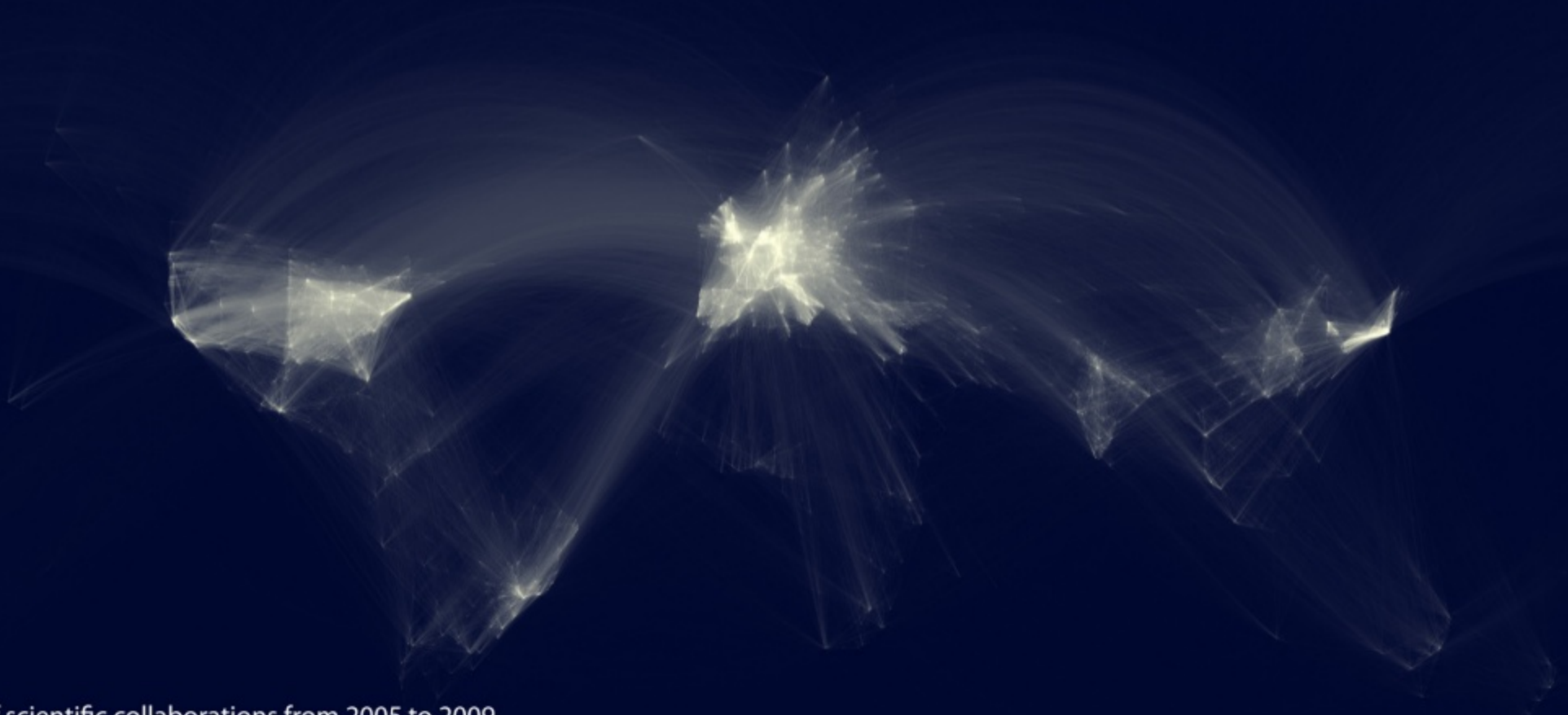
December 2010

# LARGE SCALE DATA





# LARGE SCALE DATA



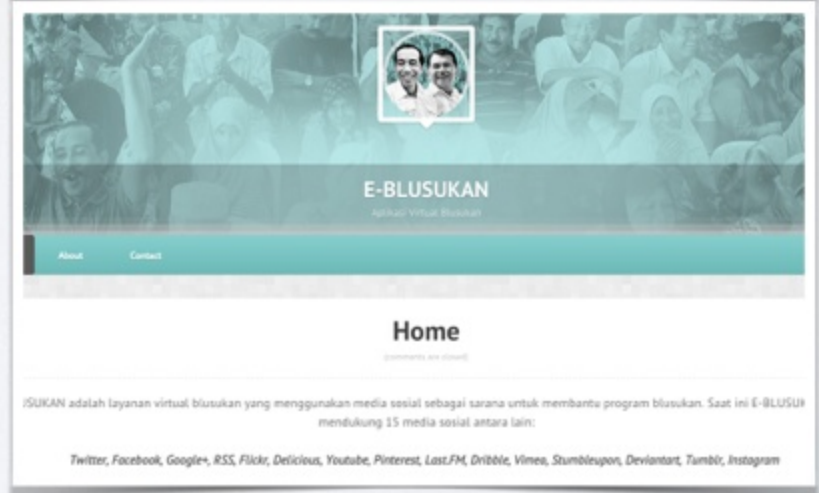
Map of scientific collaborations from 2005 to 2009

Computed by Olivier H. Beauchesne @ Science-Metrix, Inc.

Data from Scopus, using books, trade journals and peer-reviewed journals

# STORY / PHENOMENON

- BIG DATA leads to Social Computing (*Quantification of Individual / Social Behaviour*)
- Social Network Data / Conversation are widely available
- Social Network voices represent public voice become '**Big**' concern (references)
- The Need of Real-Time Analytic (OLAP)
- The Need of Powerful Metric for Social Network / Big Data





# STORY / PHENOMENON

- There are many aspect of Big Data research, but too little resource, too little talent
- Same business objective, but increase effectiveness on top of current services
- Problem with Legacy Methodology approach using Questionnaire/ Interviews/Surveys (*ok with small scale data , expensive and took longer time for large scale data, accuracy issues*)





## Method



Source: SalingSilang.com Engine, Indonesian Twitter Users Q1 2011 - Word Cloud created with Wordle.net

<http://salingsilang.com>



# METHODS COMPARISON IN SOCIAL SCIENCE

LEGACY	DATA ANALYTICS
Confirmative	Explorative (Predictive)
Small Data Set	Larga Data Set
Small Number of Variable	Large Number of Variable
Deductive (no predictions)	Inductive
Numeric Data	Numeric and Non-Numeric Data
Clean Data	Data Cleaning



# BIG DATA STATE OF THE ART

## Computation Related

Processing / Computation	Storage	Analytics Tools
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Hadoop</li><li>• Nvidia CUDA</li><li>• Twitter Storm</li><li>• Bulk Synchronous Parallel Processing</li><li>• GraphLab</li><li>• Disk-Based Graph Processing</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• neo4j</li><li>• Titan</li><li>• HDFS</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• MLPACK</li><li>• Mahout</li></ul>

## Methodology / Analytics Related

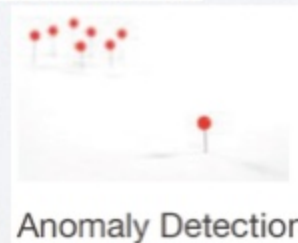
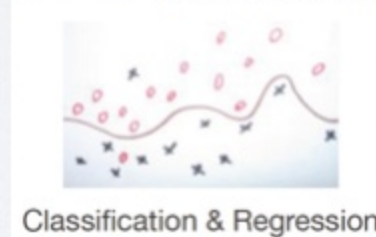
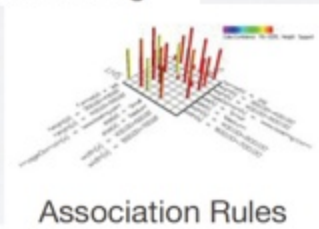
modelling, descriptions, predictions, optimisation and simulation

# BIG DATA ANALYTICS CONSTRUCTOR

## *Social Network*

networks  
tie-strength  
key players  
cohesion

## *Data Mining*



## *Sentiment Analysis*

keyword spotting  
lexical affinity  
statistical methods  
concept-level technique



# RESEARCH ROADMAP



**GOAL** : descriptions, predictions, optimisation and simulation  
area : marketing, communications, knowledge  
management, operations, finance, etc

# SOCIAL NETWORK MODEL



Can we study their interactions as a network ?

## Communication

**Anne:** Jim, tell the Murrays they're invited

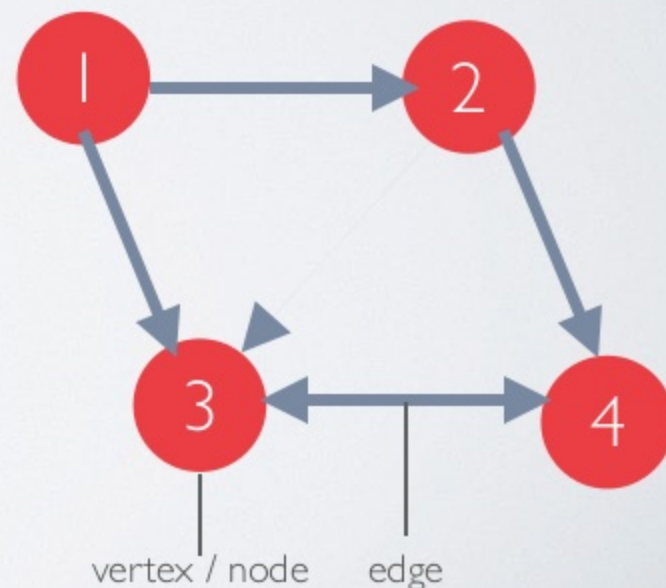
**Jim:** Mary, you and your dad should come for dinner!

**Jim:** Mr. Murray, you should both come for dinner

**Anne:** Mary, did Jim tell you about the dinner? You must come.

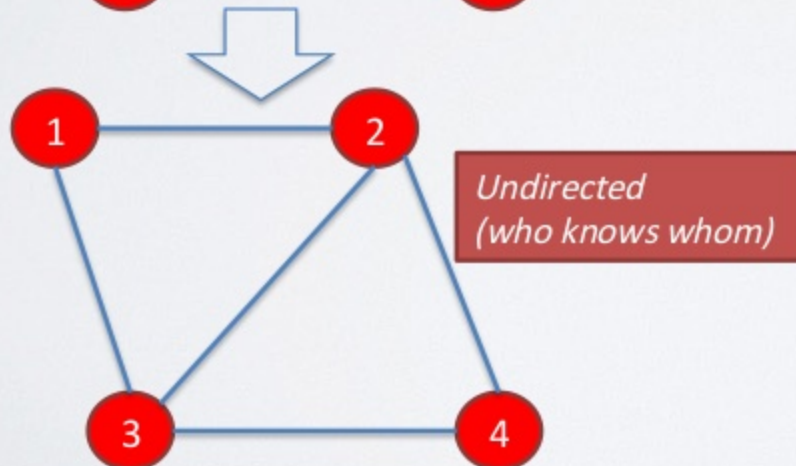
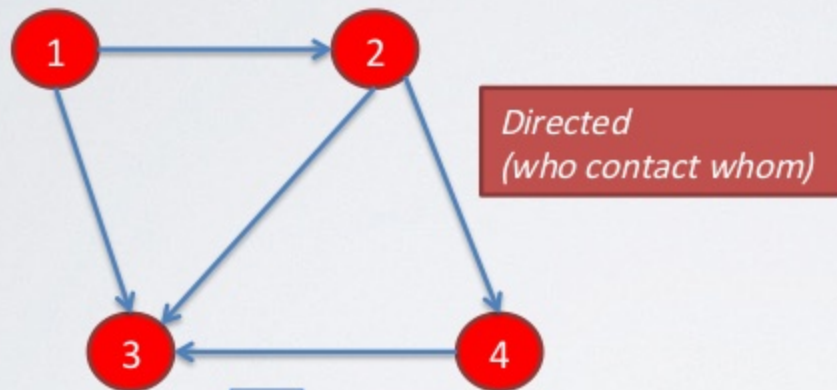
**Mary:** Dad, we are invited for dinner tonight

**John:** (to Anne) Ok, we're going, it's settled!





# SOCIAL NETWORK MODEL



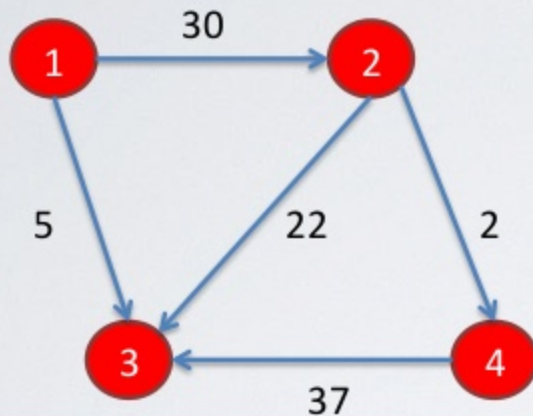
*Edges List*

Vertex	Vertex
1	2
1	3
2	3
2	4
4	3

*Adjacency Matrix become symmetric*

Vertex	1	2	3	4
1	-	1	1	0
2	1	-	1	1
3	1	1	-	0
4	0	1	0	-

# TIE STRENGTH



Weight could be

- Frequency of interactions in period of observation
- Number of items exchanged in period
- Individual perceptions of strength of relationship
- Cost of communications or exchange, e.g. distance

*Edges List*

Vertex	Vertex	Weight
1	2	30
1	3	5
2	3	22
2	4	2
4	3	27

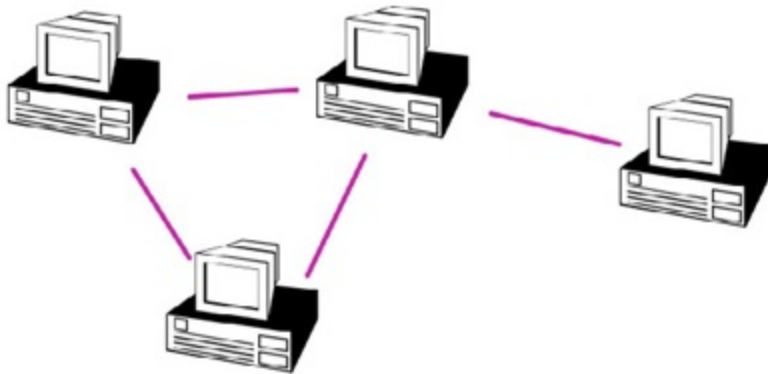
*Adjacency Matrix (weight)*

Vertex	1	2	3	4
1	-	30	5	0
2	30	-	22	2
3	5	22	-	37
4	0	2	37	-

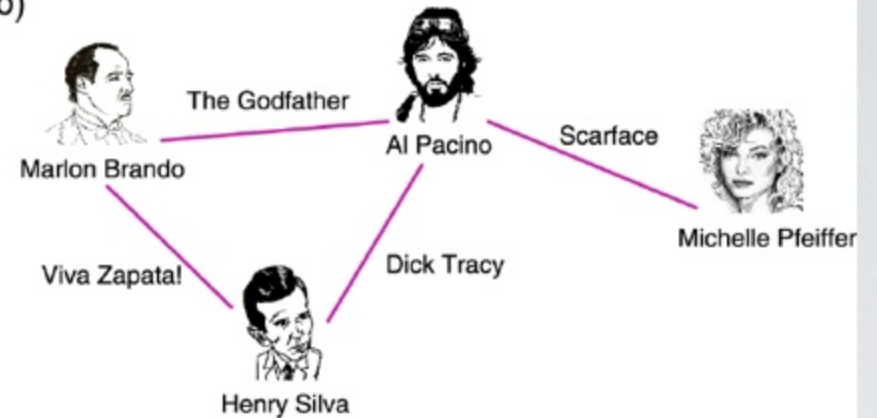


# NETWORK MODEL EXAMPLE

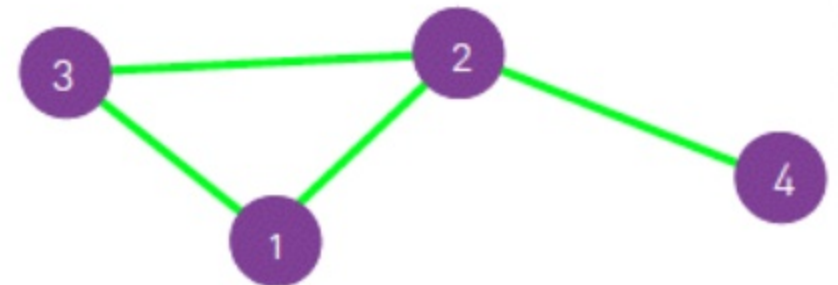
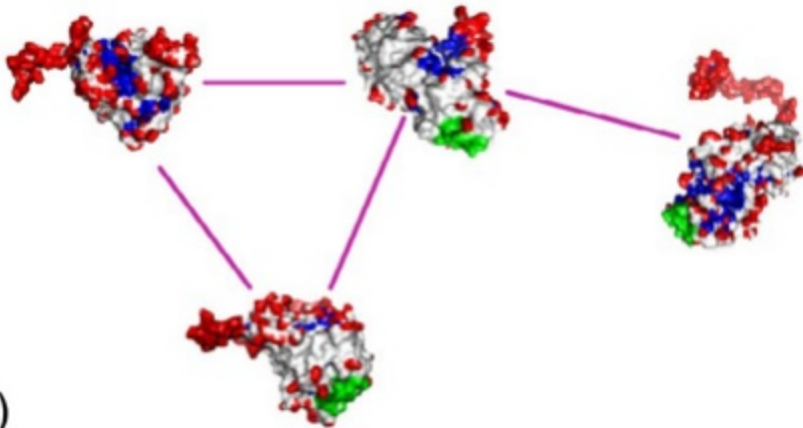
a)



b)

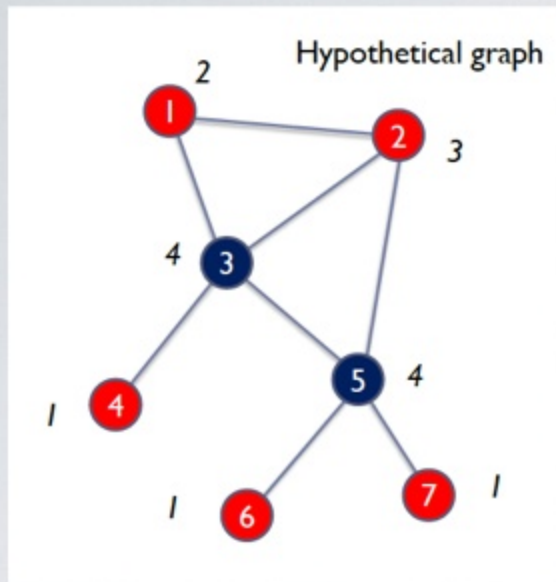


c)

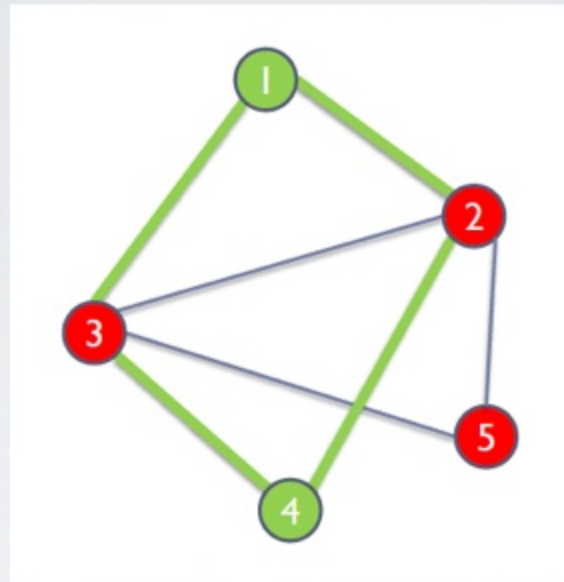


Different Network, Same Graph

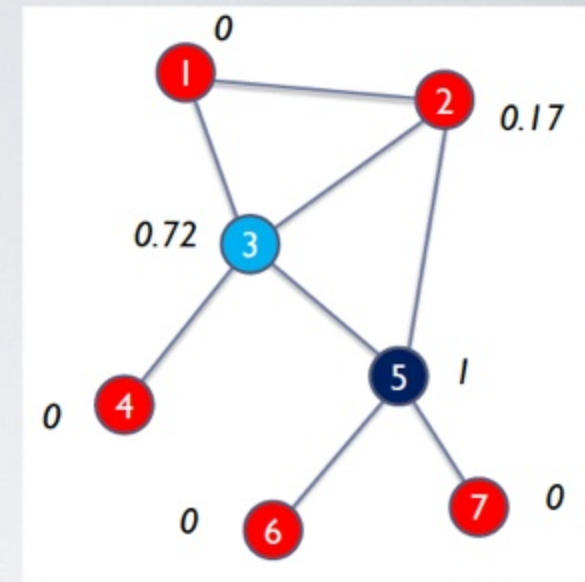
# METRIK CENTRALITY



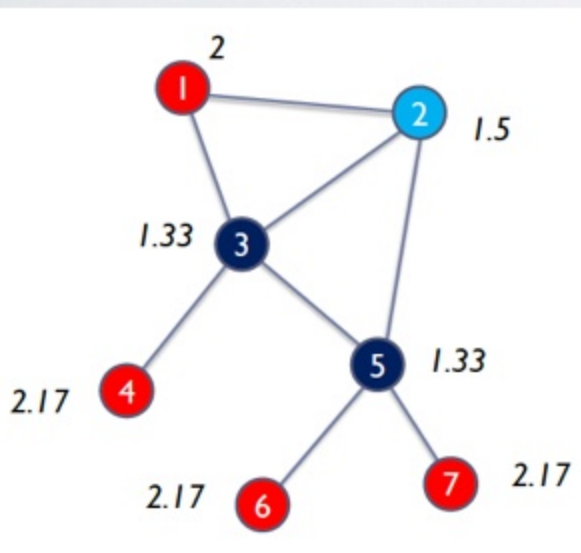
degree centrality



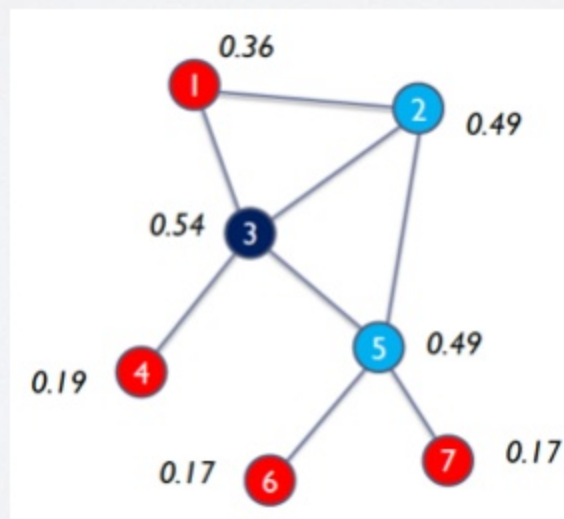
shortest path



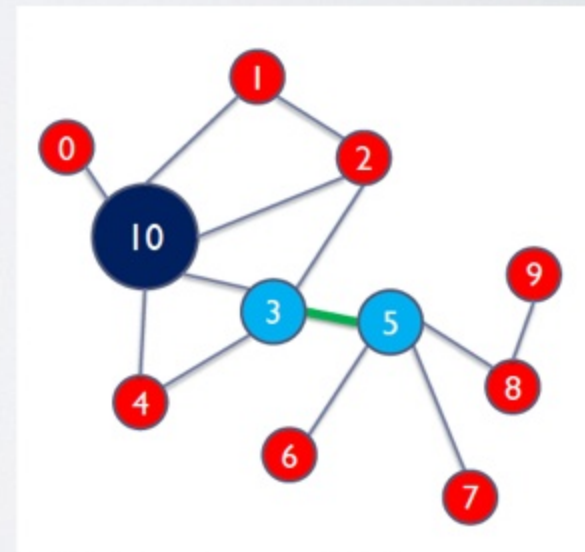
betweenness centrality



closeness centrality



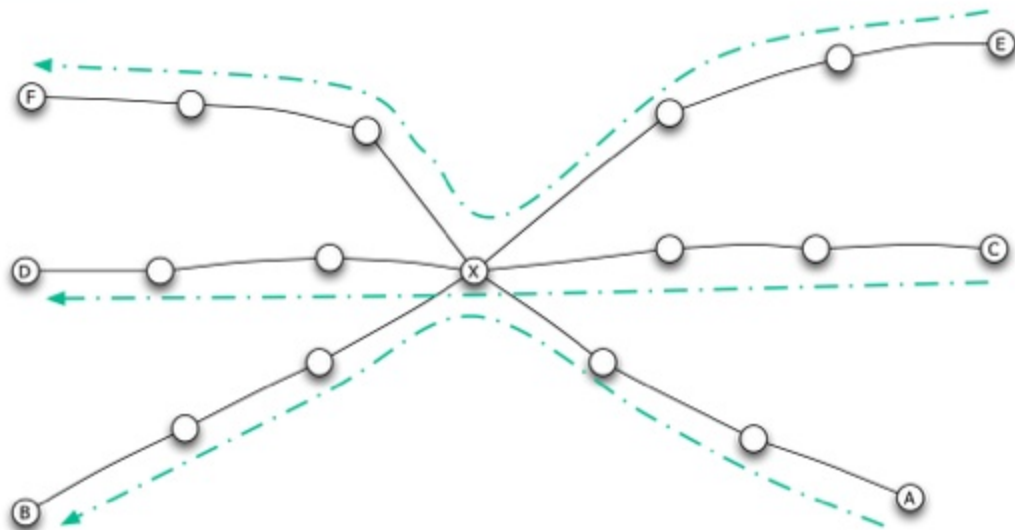
eigenvector centrality



set of key players



# METRIK CENTRALITY



## betweenness centrality

banyaknya **jalur terpendek** antar pasangan semua titik di jaringan, yang melewati satu titik yang diukur

## closeness centrality

**jarak** titik yang diukur terhadap semua titik yang ada dalam jaringan

